Regional HIV/AIDS Epidemiologic Profile of Norfolk County, Massachusetts: 2013

Recent changes to the presentation of Massachusetts HIV/AIDS surveillance data

Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health (MDPH). Bureau of Infectious Diseases, HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports and other HIV data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts. As of January 1, 2013, this resulted in the removal of 3,529 HIV/AIDS cases, of which 914 have died and 2,615 were living. These persons living with HIV/AIDS may still continue to reside and receive care in the Commonwealth. The total number of persons living with HIV/AIDS, irrespective of location at diagnosis, is the basis for MDPH service planning. This change is partially a result of increased activities required by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) for de-duplication among states in an effort to identify cases that are counted multiple times in the National HIV/AIDS Surveillance System. The cases are assigned to the state that reports the earliest date of AIDS diagnosis if available. If the case has not progressed to AIDS, the case is assigned to the state with the earliest HIV diagnosis date. Please note that previous HIV/AIDS fact sheets, data reports and presentations included cases that may have been first diagnosed in another state.

Also effective January 1, 2011, the MDPH HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports. and other data presentations have been updated to eliminate the presumed heterosexual exposure mode category for males; those cases have been reassigned to the no identified risk (NIR) exposure mode category. The presumed heterosexual exposure mode category was used with the intention of identifying HIV exposure mode for females when sex with males is the only reported risk factor, there is no evidence of current or past injection drug use (IDU), and behavioral risk and HIV status information about male sexual partners are unknown. Twenty-nine percent of females living with HIV/AIDS and 40% of recent female HIV diagnoses are reported in the presumed heterosexual exposure mode category. The application of the presumed heterosexual exposure mode category to males is overly inclusive in that female to male HIV transmission is biologically less probable, and there are alternate exposure modes that are possible for males, including sex with other men (MSM) or IDU. The CDC reports males diagnosed with HIV/AIDS who report sex with females as their only risk factor, without corresponding partner risk or HIV status information, in the NIR exposure mode category. This revision to report presumed heterosexual male HIV/AIDS cases as NIR will bring Massachusetts HIV/AIDS case reporting for males in alignment with CDC standards. The MDPH will maintain presumed heterosexual and heterosexual exposure mode categories for females.

Table 1. Total number of people reported with HIV infection or AIDS¹ by mortality status on December 31, 2012: Norfolk County, Massachusetts²

	N	%
People Living with HIV/AIDS	890	59%
People Reported with HIV or AIDS who are Deceased	630	41%
Total Number of People Reported with HIV Infection or		
AIDS	1,520	100%

¹ Does not include individuals diagnosed with HIV infection (non-AIDS) who died prior to January 1, 1999 or who were not in care on January 1, 1999
² Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other

Data Source: MDPH HIV/AIDS Surveillance Program, Data as of 1/1/13

Table 2. Average annual rate of HIV infection diagnosis from 2009 to 2011 and HIV/AIDS prevalence rate on 12/31/12¹: Norfolk County, Massachusetts²

Average annual HIV diagnosis rate from 2009–2011	Average rate per 100,000	Average annual number of HIV diagnoses
Norfolk County, MA	5.4	36.0
Massachusetts Total	10.3	664.7

HIV/AIDS prevalence rate		Number of people
on 12/31/12	Rate per 100,000	living with HIV/AIDS
Norfolk County, MA	132.7	890
Massachusetts Total	277.5	18,170

¹ The denominators for rate calculations are from the MDPH Massachusetts Race Allocated Census 2010 Estimates (MRACE 2010), Massachusetts Department of Public Health, Bureau of Health Information, Statistics, Research, and Evaluation.

² Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

Data Source: MDPH HIV/AIDS Surveillance Program, Data as of 1/1/13

² Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

Table 3. People living with HIV/AIDS¹, deaths among people reported with HIV/AIDS, and newly diagnosed HIV infections by year²: 2002–2011, Norfolk County, Massachusetts³

Year	HIV/AIDS Prevalence	Deaths among those with HIV/AIDS	Diagnosis of HIV Infection
			•
2002	657	8	62
2003	676	21	40
2004	711	12	47
2005	732	15	36
2006	744	22	34
2007	768	19	43
2008	801	12	45
2009	834	10	43
2010	860	5	31
2011	879	15	34

¹Number of people living with HIV/AIDS on 12/31 of each year

Data source: MDPH HIV/AIDS Surveillance Program, Data as of 1/1/13

² Reflects year of HIV infection diagnosis among all individuals reported with HIV infection, with or without an AIDS diagnosis for

the most recently available ten-year period after the implementation of HIV infection reporting in 1999.
³ Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

Table 4. People diagnosed with HIV infection from 2009–2011¹ and people living with HIV/AIDS on December 31, 2012 by gender, place of birth, race/ethnicity, exposure mode, age at HIV infection diagnosis and current age: Norfolk County, Massachusetts²

	HIV Infection Diagi	noses	PLWH/A	
Gender:	N	%	N	%
Male	90	83%	667	75%
Female	18	17%	223	25%
Place of Birth:	N	%	N	%
US	7 <u>2</u>	67%	665	75%
Puerto Rico/US Dependency ³	 ⁷	 ⁷	16	2%
Non-US	7	7	209	23%
Race/Ethnicity:	N	%	N	%
White (non-Hispanic)	53	49%	514	58%
Black (non-Hispanic)	37	34%	271	30%
Hispanic/Latino	7	7	81	9%
Asian/Pacific Islander	 ⁷	 ⁷	20	2%
Exposure Mode:	N	%	N	%
Male-to-male sex (MSM)	56	52%	378	42%
Injection Drug Use (IDU)	5 ⁷	5%	117	13%
MSM/IDU		7	28	3%
Heterosexual Sex	8	7%	110	12%
Other	 ⁷	 ⁷	21	2%
Total Undetermined	36	33%	236	27%
 Presumed Heterosexual Sex⁴ 	5	5%	67	8%
Undetermined ⁵	31	29%	169	19%
Age:	N	%	N	%
	At Diagnosis	7	On December 31	, 2012
Under 13	' ⁷	⁷	⁷	⁷
13 to 19		7		
20 to 24	9	8%	17	2%
25 to 29	14	13%	25	3%
30 to 34	12	11%	41	5%
35 to 39	9	8%	53	6%
40 to 44	20	19%	103	12%
45 to 49	16	15%	170	19%
50 to 54	10	9%	191	21%
55 to 59	8	7%	147	17%
60+	6	6%	134	15%
Total ⁶	108	100%	890	100%

¹ Reflects year of HIV infection diagnosis among all individuals reported with HIV infection, with or without an AIDS diagnosis for the most recently available three-year period after the implementation of HIV infection reporting in 1999.

² Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

³ Ninety-eight percent of people diagnosed with HIV infection from 2009–2011 who were born in a US dependency were born in Puerto Rico, 1% were born in the US Virgin Islands, 1% were born in Guam and 1% were born in an unknown dependency.

⁴ Includes female sex with male of unknown HIV status or risk. This category is limited to females.

⁵ Includes male sex with female of unknown HIV status or risk, those still being followed up for risk information, those who have died with no determined risk, and those lost to follow-up.

⁶ Total includes American Indian/Alaska Native, other and unspecified race/ethnicity.

⁷ Values less than five are suppressed for populations less than 50,000 or for populations of unknown size. Additional values may be suppressed to prevent back calculation.

Data Source: MDPH HIV/AIDS Surveillance Program (percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding), Data as of 1/1/13

Table 5. People living with HIV/AIDS on December 31, 2012 by gender and race/ethnicity: Norfolk County, Massachusetts¹

	Male	Female		
Race/Ethnicity:	N	%	N	%
White (non-Hispanic)	431	65%	83	37%
Black (non-Hispanic)	152	23%	119	53%
Hispanic/Latino	62	9%	 ³	 ³
Asian/Pacific Islander	18	3%	 ³	3
Total ²	667	100%	223	100%

Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

Table 6. People living with HIV/AIDS on December 31, 2012 by gender and exposure mode: Norfolk County, Massachusetts¹

	Male		Female		
Exposure Mode:	N	%	N	%	
Male-to-male sex (MSM)	378	57%	N/A	N/A	
Injection drug use (IDU)	75	11%	42	19%	
MSM/IDU	28	4%	N/A	N/A	
Heterosexual sex	34	5%	76	34%	
Other	11	2%	10	4%	
Total Undetermined	141	21%	95	43%	
 Presumed heterosexual sex² 	N/A	N/A	67	30%	
 Undetermined³ 	141	21%	28	13%	
Total	667	100%	223	100%	

Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

Includes female sex with male of unknown HIV status or risk. This category is limited to females.

² Total includes American Indian/Alaska Native, other and unspecified race/ethnicity.

³ Values less than five are suppressed for populations less than 50,000 or for populations of unknown size. Additional values may be suppressed to prevent back calculation

Data Source: MDPH HIV/AIDS Surveillance Program (percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding), Data as of 1/1/13

³ Includes male sex with female of unknown HIV status or risk, those still being followed up for risk information, those who have died with no determined risk, and those lost to follow-up.

N/A=Not Applicable

Table 7. People diagnosed with HIV infection by gender and year of diagnosis: Norfolk County, Massachusetts¹, 2002–2011²

	Male		Female			
	N	%	N	%	Total	
0000	40	200/	40	040/	00	
2002	43	69%	19	31%	62	
2003	27	68%	13	33%	40	
2004	38	81%	9	19%	47	
2005	29	81%	7	19%	36	
2006	25	74%	9	26%	34	
2007	25	58%	18	42%	43	
2008	36	80%	9	20%	45	
2009	36	84%	7	16%	43	
2010	26	84%	5	16%	31	
2011	28	82%	6	18%	34	

¹ Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

Table 8. People diagnosed with HIV infection by race/ethnicity and year of diagnosis: Norfolk County, Massachusetts¹, 2002–2011²

	White Non-Hi	spanic	Black Non-Hispanic		Hispanic/La	atino	Total ³
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N
2002	32	52%	21	34%	6	10%	62
2002	22	55%	<u>-</u> 4	⁴	4	⁴	40
2004	28	60%	11	23%	6	13%	47
2005	22	61%	8	22%	5	14%	36
2006	24	71%	9	26%	0	0%	34
2007	16	37%	4	 ⁴	 ⁴	4	43
2008	27	60%	4	 ⁴	4	4	45
2009	25	58%	11	26%	5	12%	43
2010	14	45%	9	29%	8	26%	31
2011	4	 ⁴	17	50%	4	4	34

¹ Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

² Reflects year of HIV infection diagnosis among all individuals reported with HIV infection, with or without an AIDS diagnosis for the most recently available ten-year period after the implementation of HIV infection reporting in 1999.

Data Source: MDPH HIV/AIDS Surveillance Program (percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding), Data as of 1/1/13

² Reflects year of HIV infection diagnosis among all individuals reported with HIV infection, with or without an AIDS diagnosis for the most recently available ten-year period after the implementation of HIV infection reporting in 1999.

³ Totals include Asian/Pacific Islander, American Indian/Alaskan Native individuals, and those of other or undetermined race/ethnicity.

⁴ Values less than five are suppressed for populations less than 50,000 or for populations of unknown size. Additional values may be suppressed to prevent back calculation.

Table 9. People diagnosed with HIV infection by place of birth and year of diagnosis: Norfolk County, Massachusetts¹, 2002–2011²

	US		Puerto R US Depend	•	Non-U	S	Total
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N
2002	42	68%	0	0%	20	32%	62
2003	27	68%	0	0%	13	33%	40
2004	32	68%	4	4	4	4	47
2005	25	69%	0	0%	11	31%	36
2006	26	76%	0	0%	8	24%	34
2007	30	70%	0	0%	13	30%	43
2008	34	76%	0	0%	11	24%	45
2009	24	56%	4	4	4	4	43
2010	23	74%	4	4	4	4	31
2011	25	74%	4	4	4	4	34

Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

² Reflects year of HIV infection diagnosis among all individuals reported with HIV infection, with or without an AIDS diagnosis for the most recently available ten-year period after the implementation of HIV infection reporting in 1999.

³ Ninety-eight percent of all people diagnosed with HIV infection in MA who were born in a US dependency were born in Puerto Rico, 1% were born in the US Virgin Islands, <1% were born in American Samoa, <1% were born in Guam and 1% were born in an unknown dependency.

⁴ Values less than five are suppressed for populations less than 50,000 or for populations of unknown size. Additional values

may be suppressed to prevent back calculation.

Table 10. People diagnosed with HIV infection by exposure mode and year of diagnosis: Norfolk County, Massachusetts¹, 2002–2011²

N	ISM	ID	U	MS ID		HT	SX	Oth	ner	Pre HTS			eter- ied ⁴	Total
ı	V %	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N
2002 2 2003 1 2004 2 2005 1 2006 1 2007 2008 2 2009 2 2010 1 2011 1	2 30% 1 45% 4 39% 8 53% 9 21% 2 49% 3 53% 5 48%	6 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	13% 15% ⁵ ⁵ 14% ⁵ ⁵ ⁵ 0%	5 -5 -5 0 0 -5 -5 -5	5 5 0% 0% 5 5 0%	7 5 6 6 7 5 5	11% ⁵ ⁵ 17% 18% 16% ⁵ ⁵	⁵ ⁵ 0 0 0 ⁵ ⁵ 0	⁵ ⁵ 0% 0% 0% ⁵ ⁵ 0% 0%	8 8 5 5 10 6 5 0 5 5	13% 20% ⁵ ⁵ ⁵ 23% 13% ⁵ 0%	14 9 14 14 5 10 9 13 9	23% 23% 30% 39% 15% 23% 20% 30% 29% 26%	62 40 47 36 34 43 45 43 31

¹ Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

³ Includes female sex with male of unknown HIV status or risk. This category is limited to females.

MSM = Male-to-Male Sex; IDU = Injection Drug Use; MSM/IDU = Male-to-Male Sex and Injection Drug Use; HTSX = Heterosexual Sex; Pres. HTSX = Presumed Heterosexual Sex

² Reflects year of HIV infection diagnosis among all individuals reported with HIV infection, with or without an AIDS diagnosis for the most recently available ten-year period after the implementation of HIV infection reporting in 1999.

⁴ Includes male sex with female of unknown HIV status or risk, those still being followed up for risk information, those who have died with no determined risk, and those lost to follow-up.

⁵ Values less than five are suppressed for populations less than 50,000 or for populations of unknown size. Additional values may be suppressed to prevent back calculation.

Table 11. People diagnosed with HIV infection and AIDS within two months and all people diagnosed with HIV infection by year of diagnosis: Norfolk County, Massachusetts¹, 2002–2011²

	HIV and AIDS diagnosed within two months	All HIV infection diagnoses	% diagnosed with HIV and AIDS within two months
Year:	N	N	%
2002	26	62	42%
2003	16	40	40%
2004	13	47	28%
2005	13	36	36%
2006	13	34	38%
2007	16	43	37%
2008	11	45	24%
2009	16	43	37%
2010	13	31	42%
2011	10	34	29%

¹ Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

before being reported in Massachusetts.

Reflects year of HIV infection diagnosis among all individuals reported with HIV infection, with or without an AIDS diagnosis for the most recently available ten-year period after the implementation of HIV infection reporting in 1999. Data Source: MDPH HIV/AIDS Surveillance Program, Data as of 1/1/13

Table 12. People diagnosed with HIV infection and AIDS within two months and all people diagnosed with HIV infection by gender, race/ethnicity, and place of birth: Norfolk County, Massachusetts, 1 2009–20112

	HIV and AIDS diagnosed within two months	All HIV infection diagnoses	% diagnosed with HIV and AIDS within two months
Gender:	N	N	%
Male Female	34 5	90 18	38% 28%
Race/Ethnicity:	N	N	%
White (non-Hispanic) Black (non-Hispanic) Hispanic/Latino Asian/Pacific Islander Other/Undetermined ³	21 10 6 ⁵ ⁵	53 37 15 ⁵ ⁵	40% 27% 40% ⁵ ⁵
Place of Birth:	N	N	%
US Puerto Rico/US Dependencies ⁴ Non-US Total	26 ⁵ ⁵ 39	72 ⁵ ⁵ 108	36% ⁵ ⁵ 36%

¹ Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

² Reflects year of HIV infection diagnosis among all individuals reported with HIV infection, with or without an AIDS diagnosis for the most recently available three-year period after the implementation of HIV infection reporting in 1999. ³ Includes American Indian/Alaska Native, other and unspecified race/ethnicity.

⁴ Ninety-eight percent of people diagnosed with HIV infection from 2009–2011 who were born in a US dependency were born in Puerto Rico, 1% were born in the US Virgin Islands, 1% were born in Guam and 1% were born in an unknown dependency.

dependency.

⁵ Values less than five are suppressed for populations less than 50,000 or for populations of unknown size. Additional values may be suppressed to prevent back calculation.